



Faith • Service • Academic Excellence

9250 W. 167th Street, Orland Hills, IL 60487 • 708-403-6525 • Fax: 708-403-8621 • www.cjbschool.org

## MILD TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY SCHOOL RECOVERY PLAN

Patient Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Provider's Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

This student has suffered a mild traumatic brain injury or concussion. Please excuse the student from school for the dates enclosed. Please consider implementing the following recommendations to prevent any delay in recovery. It has been shown that early or excessive physical or mental activity can prolong concussion symptoms. Please contact us if we can provide any further assistance. Please implement these recommendations from \_\_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_\_.

### Attendance

- No school for \_\_\_\_\_ school day(s).
- No school until significantly improved and medically cleared.
- Part-time attendance for \_\_\_\_\_ school days as tolerated.
- Tutoring at home or in school as needed and tolerated.

### Breaks

- Allow student to go to the nurse's office if symptoms increase.
- Allow student to go home if symptoms do not subside with rest.

### Visual Stimulus

- Allow student to wear sunglasses in school.
- Obtain class notes from an alternate source.
- No visual screen usage.
- Enlarge font when possible.

### Audible Stimulus

- Allow student to leave class (5) minutes early to avoid noisy hallway.
- Allow lunch in a quiet place.
- Allow audible learning with discussions, reading out loud, text to speech programs if possible.

### Workload/Multitasking

- Reduce overall amount of make-up work, class work and homework when possible.
- No homework.
- Limit homework to \_\_\_\_\_ minutes a night.
- Divide the homework into \_\_\_\_\_ minute sessions.

### Testing

- No Testing.
- Extra time to complete tests.
- No more than one test a day.
- Oral Testing.
- Open book testing.

### Physical Exertion

- No physical exertion, athletics, Physical Education, and recess until medically cleared.
- Begin progressive return-to-play sequence prior to returning to full activities.

### Additional Recommendations

---

---

---

---

---



# ACUTE CONCUSSION EVALUATION (ACE)

## CARE PLAN

Gerard Gioia, PhD<sup>1</sup> & Micky Collins, PhD<sup>2</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Children's National Medical Center  
<sup>2</sup>University of Pittsburgh Medical Center

Patient Name:	_____
DOB:	_____ Age: _____
Date:	_____ ID/MR# _____
Date of Injury:	_____

You have been diagnosed with a concussion (also known as a mild traumatic brain injury). This personal plan is based on your symptoms and is designed to help speed your recovery. Your careful attention to it can also prevent further injury.

You should not participate in any high risk activities (e.g., sports, physical education (PE), riding a bike, etc.) if you still have any of the symptoms below. It is important to limit activities that require a lot of thinking or concentration (homework, job-related activities), as this can also make your symptoms worse. If you no longer have any symptoms and believe that your concentration and thinking are back to normal, you can slowly and carefully return to your daily activities. Children and teenagers will need help from their parents, teachers, coaches, or athletic trainers to help monitor their recovery and return to activities.

Today the following symptoms are present (circle or check).				___ No reported symptoms
Physical		Thinking	Emotional	Sleep
Headaches	Sensitivity to light	Feeling mentally foggy	Irritability	Drowsiness
Nausea	Sensitivity to noise	Problems concentrating	Sadness	Sleeping more than usual
Fatigue	Numbness/Tingling	Problems remembering	Feeling more emotional	Sleeping less than usual
Visual problems	Vomiting	Feeling more slowed down	Nervousness	Trouble falling asleep
Balance Problems	Dizziness			

<b>RED FLAGS: Call your doctor or go to your emergency department if you suddenly experience any of the following</b>			
Headaches that <u>worsen</u>	Look <u>very</u> drowsy, can't be awakened	Can't <u>recognize</u> people or places	Unusual behavior change
Seizures	<u>Repeated</u> vomiting	Increasing confusion	Increasing irritability
Neck pain	Slurred speech	Weakness or numbness in arms or legs	Loss of consciousness

### Returning to Daily Activities

1. Get lots of rest. Be sure to get enough sleep at night- no late nights. Keep the same bedtime weekdays and weekends.
2. Take daytime naps or rest breaks when you feel tired or fatigued.
3. **Limit physical activity as well as activities that require a lot of thinking or concentration. These activities can make symptoms worse.**
  - Physical activity includes PE, sports practices, weight-training, running, exercising, heavy lifting, etc.
  - Thinking and concentration activities (e.g., homework, classwork load, job-related activity).
4. Drink lots of fluids and eat carbohydrates or protein to main appropriate blood sugar levels.
5. **As symptoms decrease, you may begin to gradually return to your daily activities. If symptoms worsen or return, lessen your activities, then try again to increase your activities gradually.**
6. During recovery, it is normal to feel frustrated and sad when you do not feel right and you can't be as active as usual.
7. Repeated evaluation of your symptoms is recommended to help guide recovery.

### Returning to School

1. If you (or your child) are still having symptoms of concussion you may need extra help to perform school-related activities. As your (or your child's) symptoms decrease during recovery, the extra help or supports can be removed gradually.
2. Inform the teacher(s), school nurse, school psychologist or counselor, and administrator(s) about your (or your child's) injury and symptoms. School personnel should be instructed to watch for:
  - Increased problems paying attention or concentrating
  - Increased problems remembering or learning new information
  - Longer time needed to complete tasks or assignments
  - Greater irritability, less able to cope with stress
  - Symptoms worsen (e.g., headache, tiredness) when doing schoolwork

-Continued on back page-

SCHOOL VERSION

### Returning to School (Continued)

Until you (or your child) have fully recovered, the following supports are recommended: (check all that apply)

- No return to school. Return on (date) \_\_\_\_\_
- Return to school with following supports. Review on (date) \_\_\_\_\_
- Shortened day. Recommend \_\_\_ hours per day until (date) \_\_\_\_\_
- Shortened classes (i.e., rest breaks during classes). Maximum class length: \_\_\_\_\_ minutes.
- Allow extra time to complete coursework/assignments and tests.
- Lessen homework load by \_\_\_\_\_%. Maximum length of nightly homework: \_\_\_\_\_ minutes.
- No significant classroom or standardized testing at this time.
- Check for the return of symptoms (use symptom table on front page of this form) when doing activities that require a lot of attention or concentration.
- Take rest breaks during the day as needed.
- Request meeting of 504 or School Management Team to discuss this plan and needed supports.

### Returning to Sports

1. **You should NEVER return to play if you still have ANY symptoms** – (Be sure that you do not have any symptoms at rest and while doing any physical activity and/or activities that require a lot of thinking or concentration.)
2. Be sure that the PE teacher, coach, and/or athletic trainer are aware of your injury and symptoms.
3. It is normal to feel frustrated, sad and even angry because you cannot return to sports right away. With any injury, a full recovery will reduce the chances of getting hurt again. It is better to miss one or two games than the whole season.

#### The following are recommended at the present time:

- Do not return to PE class at this time
- Return to PE class
- Do not return to sports practices/games at this time
- Gradual** return to sports practices under the supervision of an appropriate health care provider.
  - Return to play should occur in **gradual steps** beginning with aerobic exercise only to increase your heart rate (e.g., stationary cycle); moving to increasing your heart rate with movement (e.g., running); then adding controlled contact if appropriate; and finally return to sports competition.
  - Pay careful attention to your symptoms and your thinking and concentration skills at each stage of activity. Move to the next level of activity only if you do not experience any symptoms at the each level. If your symptoms return, stop these activities and let your health care professional know. Once you have not experienced symptoms for a minimum of 24 hours and you receive permission from your health care professional, you should start again at the previous step of the return to play plan.

### Gradual Return to Play Plan

1. No physical activity
2. Low levels of physical activity (i.e., ). This includes walking, light jogging, light stationary biking, light weightlifting (lower weight, higher reps, no bench, no squat).
3. Moderate levels of physical activity with body/head movement. This includes moderate jogging, brief running, moderate-intensity stationary biking, moderate-intensity weightlifting (reduced time and/or reduced weight from your typical routine).
4. Heavy non-contact physical activity. This includes sprinting/running, high-intensity stationary biking, regular weightlifting routine, non-contact sport-specific drills (in 3 planes of movement).
5. Full contact in controlled practice.
6. Full contact in game play.

\*Neuropsychological testing can provide valuable information to assist physicians with treatment planning, such as return to play decisions.

#### **This referral plan is based on today's evaluation:**

- Return to this office. Date/Time \_\_\_\_\_
- Refer to: Neurosurgery \_\_\_ Neurology \_\_\_ Sports Medicine \_\_\_ Psychiatrist \_\_\_ Other \_\_\_
- Refer for neuropsychological testing
- Other \_\_\_\_\_

ACE Care Plan Completed by: \_\_\_\_\_ MD RN NP PhD ATC